The cost of climate change mitigation: uncertainties and metrics matter

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Uncertainties on

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These uncertainties add to the ones surrounding physical systems and future impacts of climate change.

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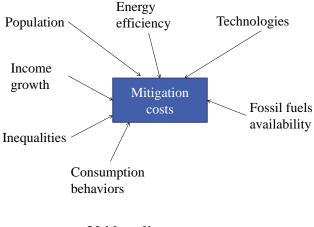
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- ▶ Find good metrics for mitigation costs
- ► Analyze the influence of the different drivers on mitigation costs with data-mining tools

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Potential drivers of climate mitigation costs



→ 324 baselines

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→ 648 scenarios (324 baselines)

Two most common metrics

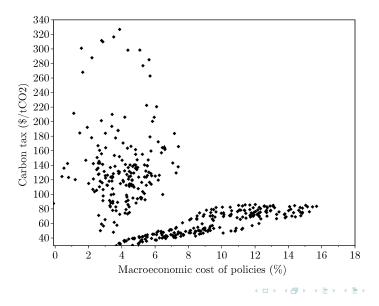
▶ Carbon price (marginal abatement cost)

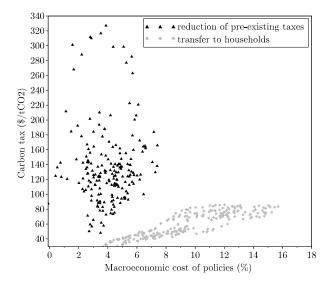
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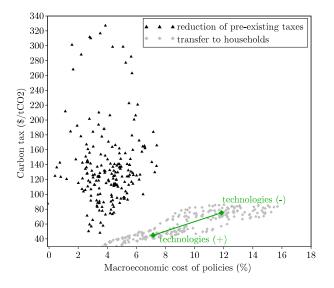
- ► Carbon price (marginal abatement cost)
- ► Macroeconomic cost:

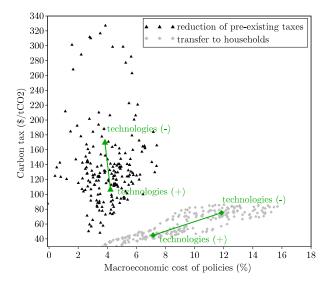
$$macro \ cost = \frac{GDP_{policy}}{GDP_{bau}}$$

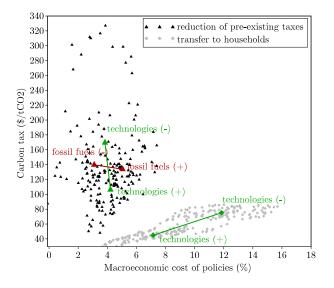
The possible range of costs is large and the two metrics are not good proxys for one another





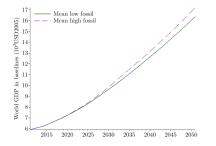




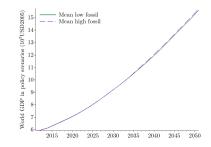


Fossil fuels uncertainty only impact baseline per-capita GDP

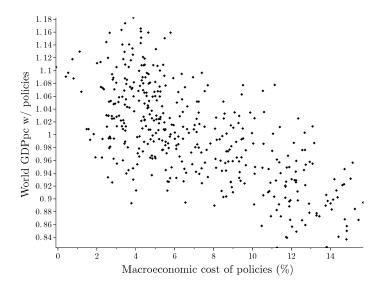
Baseline per-capita GDP

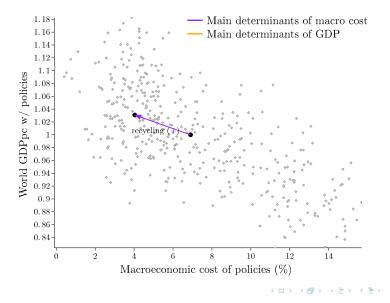


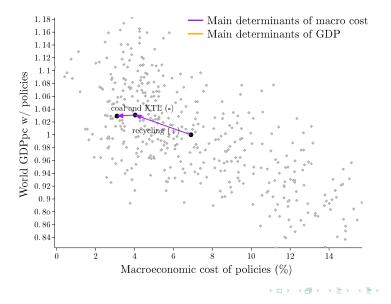
Policy per-capita GDP

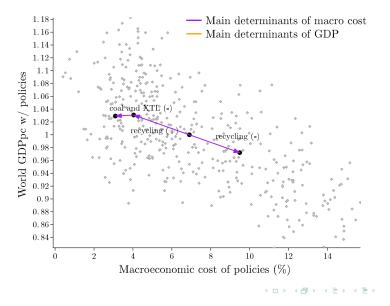


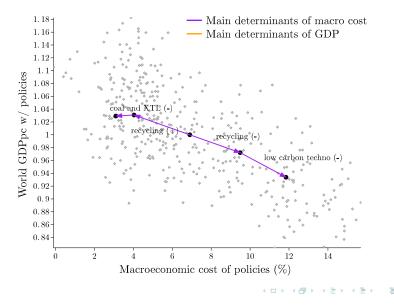
New metric: per-capita GDP in policy scenarios

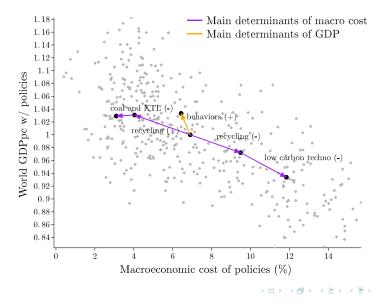


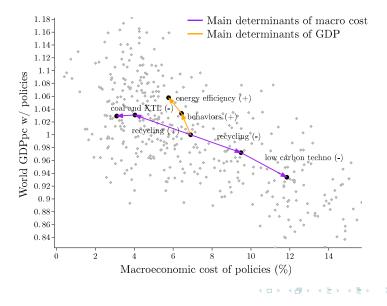


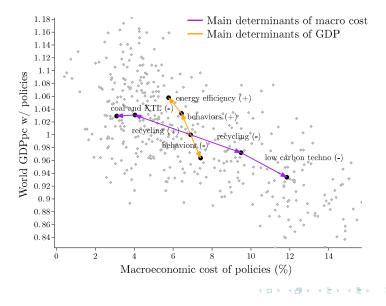


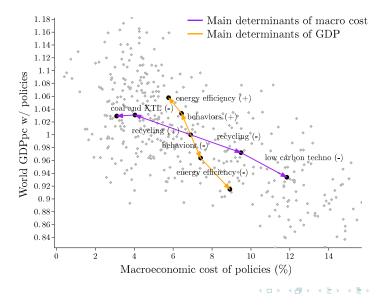












Conclusions

Framing matters when answering "what is the cost of climate mitigation?"

 socio-economic uncertainties are important for the evaluation of mitigation costs

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Framing matters when answering "what is the cost of climate mitigation?"

- socio-economic uncertainties are important for the evaluation of mitigation costs
- ▶ the cost metric used changes the results